



The IGUANA



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Tops in Blue takes stage



Photo by Tech. Sgt. Roel Utley

A "squad" of Tops in Blue performers gets down as instructed by their "drill instructor" during their "Soaring with Eagles" show here March 7. It was the first time that Tops in Blue, the Air Force's premier entertainment showcase, has ever performed at Soto Cano.

What are you looking for?

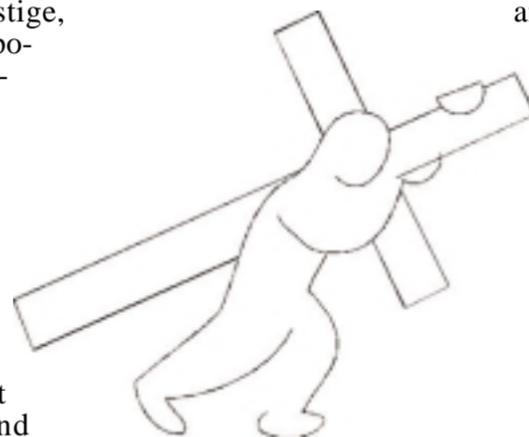
By Chap. (Capt.) Dale A. Code
JTF-Bravo Chaplain

“What are you looking for?” Those were the words shouted to me by an engineer whose train was slowly rounding a bend in its tracks near a field in which I was standing and praying. I attempted to answer him by shouting back, “God!” He signaled that he could not hear me by cupping his hand over his ear. Not knowing how else to answer him above the clatter and clamor of his train; I pointed skyward. He nodded his head to the affirmative signaling that he had received my answer as his train continued down the tracks. I was standing in that field seeking to find God.

Many times since then I have thought about the words of that engineer and would like to pose the ques-

tion of that engineer for you to ponder today, “What are you looking for?”

In all of life’s endeavors; “What are you looking for?” Are you looking simply for power, prestige, prominence, position, pleasure and prosperity? Or are you still looking for the Lord and His will to be done in your life? Please don’t misunderstand me. There is nothing wrong with having any of these things, but are they all you are looking for in life?



The Scriptures set some pretty good priorities when it comes to our seeking and finding the Lord. God said through the Prophet Jeremiah, “Ye shall seek me, and find me, when ye shall search for me with all your heart.” (Jer.29:13) To find the Lord we must search for Him wholeheartedly. Isaiah said, “Seek ye the Lord while he may be found, call ye upon him while he is near.” (Isaiah

55:6)

We must not wait to search for the Lord.

The Psalmist said, “Seek the lord, and his strength: seek his face evermore.” (Psalm 105: 4)

The Lord Jesus Christ said, “...seek ye first the kingdom of God, and his righteousness; and all these things shall be added unto you.” (Matt. 6: 33)

The promise of Scripture is that if we seek the Lord we will surely find Him.

God is not playing hide and seek with us—are we with Him?

Riding the JTF-B wagon

By Lt. Col. Douglas Robertson
ARFOR Commander

Have you recently arrived to JTF-B and are trying to figure out your role in this very dynamic organization? Have you been here for a while and have settled into your job and feel comfortable with your work and the people you interact with? In either case, I am going to ask you to examine where you are “on the wagon.”

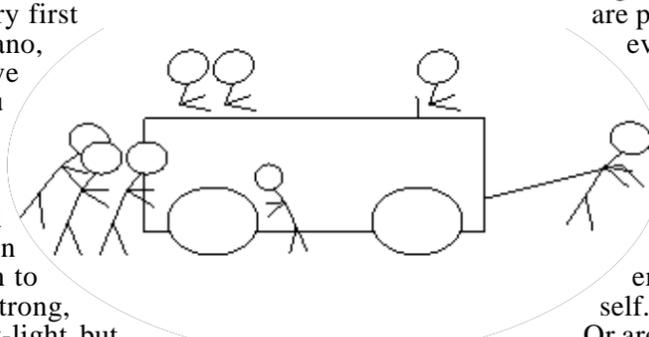
We have all heard the phrase: “lead, follow or get out of the way.” Let us take that a couple of steps further. Imagine that a wagon represents your organization.

Beginning with the very first day you arrived at Soto Cano, and every day that you have been here since then, you have had to make decisions on where you are in relation to that wagon. Are you the person that walked to the front, put the yoke on your shoulders and began to pull the wagon? You are strong, dependable, not in the spot-light, but always carrying more than your share of the burden. It feels natural for you to be in that position. No matter where you go, it seems as though you always find yourself out front, pulling the load.

Are you in the driver’s seat, setting the azimuth for your group? You may be the formal leader due to your duty position, or the informal leader due to your outgoing personality. You may be the person who coordinates a sports team or an MWR trip. In any case, you make things happen. Without you, challenging training, sporting events and diving trips would never come together. You are a leader.

Are you the person behind the wagon, putting your back into the work of moving the wagon along the trail?

You volunteer for the tough jobs. You are on the SAR team. You carry the M60 machine gun. You plant the garden at the orphanage. You drive the trucks and make the water and stay current in your combat lifesaver skills. You are a crew chief and a door gunner and are always ready to put paratroopers in your aircraft. You are the firemen and you run a safe airfield. You guard the perimeter and are proficient in unarmed combat techniques. Every soldier knows that when they call for a medic you will come running. Without you, we would not have an Army or an Air Force. You often get little formal recognition, but everyone knows that the wagon would stop without you. You are part of the team and you give everything you have to make the wagon roll.



Or are you sitting in the wagon, not really tuned in to what is going on? Wondering why the people around you are working so hard, but not ambitious enough to get involved yourself.

Or are you in front of one of wagon’s wheels, doing everything you can to prevent the wheel from turning? You don’t look for solutions, but find ways to prevent the unit from accomplishing its goals.

I ask each of you to look at the wagon and then look at yourself. Ask yourself the hard questions about where you are in relation to the wagon.

Then, do what you need to do to move to the where you want to be. Do not be timid. Believe in yourself. Be proud of yourself. Be proud of your unit, JTF-B, and the United States military. You are the next generation of US military leaders. Our friends, our families and our nation depend on us to move that wagon. Never forget that.

SUBMISSIONS

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Strategic communications leverage Army story

By Spc. Lorie Jewell
Army News Service

A Soldier tucks a plastic card displaying the Soldier's Creed and the Army values into his wallet.

At a school career fair, students pick up a brochure that describes our Army at war, and how it remains relevant and ready while moving from the current to future force. An action-filled video plays on a television screen, showing the Army's new Stryker infantry carriers on the move.

A senior leader tells the Army story to an audience of executives at a corporate function; a young sergeant shares his take on force stabilization at the family dinner table.

A grandmother surfing the web clicks on the Army's web site to learn more about her granddaughter's new duty station.

From small, ordinary gestures and everyday conversations to eye-catching promotional materials and tactical speeches, strategic communications is the method by which the Army delivers its messages to those in and out of uniform. It's one of 17 focus areas Army leaders have developed as a means for strengthening efforts to win the Global War on Terrorism.

"It's about communicating to our audience what's going on in the Army, and explaining it terms or concepts people can understand, so that they can be a part of achieving the goal," said Col. Nelson McCouch, who heads the strategic communications division in Office of the Chief of Public Affairs. "They can't sup-

port something if they don't know anything about it."

For example, a Soldier may hear the term "force stabilization" and, having read about it in a post newspaper, may understand it in more simple terms as "my family and I will stay in one place for longer periods of time."

"Expeditionary mindset" could translate into "I'm ready to go anywhere you need me to go, at any time, because I know I am well trained and my family is well taken care of."

The role of OCPA's strategic communications is to develop and implement plans for getting internal and external media to support the Army's campaign plan with articles that explain what's going on, McCouch said.

There are two other 'legs' that support the effort to disseminate information – the Office of Congressional Legislative Liaison and the Office of Strategic Communications. OCLL's strategic communications team is responsible for making sure the Army's messages are delivered to legislators on the hill in a timely fashion, said Col. Wayne Sauer, who heads that office.

"The Army wants Congress to know what's going on so they can do something about it during the congressional cycle," Sauer said.

That involves working closely with congressional staffers. If legislators have questions on the Army budget, for example, OCLL makes sure they get answers. When newsworthy events happen – the Army's Comanche program being canceled, for instance – OCLL makes sure Congress knows about it before reading it in the newspaper, Sauer added.

"If they read something in the newspaper and the information doesn't match up, they already have our data on it," Sauer said.

In the Office of Strategic Communications, the mission to deliver the Army story is similar to OCPA. Whereas OCPA focuses informing Soldiers, family members and the public at large through the media, STRATCOM's audience is expanded to target senior Army leaders – active and retired – business and social executives, and academic and think-tank representatives.

"We are trying to instill a culture of engagement so that everyone at all levels tells the Army story the same way," said Patti Benner, STRATCOM director.

Benner's department works to develop long-term themes and messages, and how to deliver them over time periods that range from months to five years. OCPA focuses more on getting information out according to daily and weekly news cycles, McCouch said.

How messages are delivered by OSC falls to its outreach program, headed by Kay Stephenson. The program is tasked with building and strengthening relationships with national security decision makers or those with influence; the private sector and not-for-profit organizations; and academic institutions and communities. Its mission also involves providing information to the Army family.

Anyone who gets the Army message, understands it, supports it and passes it along, in essence becomes a partner with the Army, Benner and Stephenson said.

"We are arming our Army ambassadors," Benner said.

Enlisted soldiers to find out assignments via email

By Sgt. 1st Class Marcia Triggs
Army News Service

The Human Resources Command will be using the Internet as a means to maintain up-to-date information on enlisted Soldiers to help them choose assignments and manage their careers.

In early March, HRC will begin notifying Soldiers of their next duty assignment within 90 days of their departure, by e-mailing the information to their Army Knowledge Online e-mail addresses. Other Web based initiatives include:

— Sending e-mails that acknowledge receipt when Soldiers update their assignment preferences on Assignment Satisfaction Key, known as ASK the Web assignment preference page.

— E-mail reminders will also be sent out to get Soldiers to update their contact information (home address and telephone number) 90 days after arriving at their new duty station. Then Soldiers will be reminded to update their assignment preferences on ASK after being stationed stateside for 24 months, and 18 months for those overseas.

Out of 407,000 enlisted Soldiers, who have already graduated from Initial Entry Training, 292,660 Soldiers have visited the ASK Web site so far, said HRC officials.

Soldiers can be anywhere in the

world and update their preferences through the Internet, officials added.

"The Army is going through a cultural change. We are giving privates career information before their chain of command finds out," said Brig. Gen. Howard Bromberg, the director of Enlisted Personnel Management Directorate, HRC. "We will continue to change our policies as necessary to support the global war on terror and a joint and expeditionary Army."

Commanders will still find out about Soldier assignments through traditional means, but the HRC-GRAM, formerly known as the PERSGRAM, that is sent to Soldiers through the mail will be phased out.

Soldiers will be able to find out about assignments through e-mail notification or by calling an Interactive Voice Response System at 1-800-FYI-EPMD. ASK was first introduced to Soldiers two years ago. However, this will be the first time

Soldiers will have access to view key personnel information that is used by assignment managers when considering a Soldier for assignment, officials said.

"It is important that Soldiers look at their personnel information to ensure it is correct. If it needs to be updated they need to contact their local personnel office," Bromberg said.

The more accurate information career managers have on a Soldier, the

higher the success rate will be in finding an assignment that's right for the Soldier and the Army, Bromberg said.

However, Bromberg added that just because the Army is listening to its young Soldiers, that doesn't mean that they're going to always get what they ask for. In assigning Soldiers, the focus is combat readiness, Bromberg added.

Where Soldiers are assigned is only a piece of the Army's stabilization puzzle, Bromberg said.

The other parts include the Army's new Manning System, Force Stabilization which consists of unit focused stabilization and home-basing.

Home-basing will require initial-term officers and enlisted Soldiers to stay at their first duty station for an extended tour of up to six or seven years.

"These initiatives are about unit over self," Bromberg said. "We're still taking care of Soldiers and getting them the training and care they need. But we're focused on getting units stabilized so they can do the mission at hand."

An example of the needs of the Army coming before assignment preference is: a Soldier serving in Korea who was told that he could go to Fort Hood, Texas, when his tour is over, as part of the program HAAP (home base/advance assignment program).

But if during the Soldier's tour, over-riding Army mission requirements determine that the Soldier is needed else-

where, then their HAAP can be renegotiated.

Enlisted personnel assignment managers work with the Soldier, but may, based on the requirements of the Army, assign the Soldier to a new location.

"We're not getting rid of the program, but people think that if we give them an advance assignment, they are guaranteed that assignment," Bromberg said. "What we're saying is that we will try to meet requirements, but we may change, based on the needs of the Army."

Every single Soldier is needed somewhere in the Army, whether it's as an instructor, drill sergeant, recruiter or in a rifle platoon in a deploying unit, Bromberg said. Every skill is important, he added.

In the future, HRC also plans to expand its Web initiatives and get away from using Department of the Army form 4187, Personnel Action Request.

"We still get 4187s up here, signed by the company commander, and after it goes through everybody in the chain of command, it gets here with seven pieces of paper attached to it. We want to eliminate all of that," Bromberg said.

The vision is to have a Soldier volunteer for an assignment electronically. If requests can go up and back down all electronically, the process can be cut from 90 days to 14 days, Bromberg said. The technology is there, he added, and it can be done.

Tops in Blue s



Photo by Tech. Sgt. Roel Utley

Senior Airman Tamara S. V. Welch performs as Tina Turner singing Turner's classic "Proud Mary."



Tops in Blue members perform a medley in flight suits during their show here March 7 ed 100 years of powered flight. The current tour will have traveled to over 20 countries



Photo by Pfc. Michael Tuttle

Senior Airman Jeremy T. Jordan, trumpeter, is backed up by trombonist, Senior Airman John Wyman.



Photo by Tech. Sgt. Roel Utley

Senior Airman Tamara S. V. Welch dances her way into the crowd during a country-western song.

Tops in Blue he

Story by Pfc. Michael Tuttle
Editor

Despite the strong wind and occasional to watch the Air Force's premier entertain

The energetic performance of Tops in threatening weather and left them apprecia who sang, danced and played instruments

"At times some of the dancers strutted audience to participate in the show," said S of the show.

Tops in Blue is celebrating its 50th year out the world. Their current tour marks th ered flight with music that celebrates their

The music of Tina Turner, the Supremes II Men and many more were performed du here.

Tops in Blue is made up of Air Force p formers must compete and win at multiple a spot on the Air Force Worldwide Talent participate in the contest held annually at I 35 people are selected as "the best of the b Tops in Blue.

"They obviously have a lot of talent," s Tops in Blue several times but this is the be

struts its stuff



Photo by Pfc. Michael Tuttle

In addition to paying a musical tribute to 50 years of Tops in Blue, they also celebrate to entertain service members around the world.



Top: The Tops in Blue female vocalists sing a Pointer Sisters' song. (Photo by Pfc. Michael Tuttle)

Bottom: Tops in Blue's male and female version of The Village People perform Y.M.C.A. for the audience of about 350. (Photo by Tech. Sgt. Roel Utley)

ere for first time

l drops of rain, about 350 people came out to an outdoor showcase March 7 at Building R-550. The Tops in Blue kept the audience's minds off the weather by showcasing the talents of the Air Force personnel in a variety of glittering costumes. The performers went into the crowd and really encouraged the audience. Tech. Sgt. Marcin Lajdecki about his favorite part of the show.

of entertaining service members through his milestone as well as 100 years of power history and our American heritage. The show featured the Village People, Stevie Wonder, Boyz n the Hood, and the Tops in Blue's first ever appearance.

personnel from all career fields. The performers were given the opportunity to showcase their talents on the Contest stage. Hundreds of competitors from Lackland Air Force Base, Texas. A total of 100 "best" and perform on a one-year tour with the band.

said Ron Neal, a base vendor. "I've seen the best show I've seen."



AMC central to troop rotation

By Cynthia Bauer
Air Mobility Command Public Affairs

Department of Defense officials have challenged those from Air Mobility Command to play a central role in the Southwest Asia troop rotation by moving 250,000 people in 60 days.

That roughly equates to the number of passengers who can sit in 720 wide-body commercial aircraft or the entire population of Louisville, Ky.

Defense officials have called the troop movement a historic feat and the largest troop movement since World War II.

AMC's job is to redeploy the forces serving in Iraq and Afghanistan and bring in new troops.

The rotation began Feb. 1. As of March 11, 90,000 service members, primarily Soldiers and Marines, have moved into the theater, and 44,000 have returned home.

At the hub of airlift operations for the massive troop rotation is the 18th Air Force here, a new organization reactivated Oct. 1 as AMC's war fighting component.

The commander of 18th Air Force,

Lt. Gen. William Welser III, said the total-force job of moving the extraordinary number of people is going smoothly, based on lessons learned from past operations.

"One of the things I'm most proud of, and impressed by, is how we have learned from our lessons, not only from (operations) Desert Shield and Desert Storm, but also from Afghanistan and Iraq, and now as we go into the next phase of rotations, to improve our processes, tactics, techniques and procedures," said General Welser.

Walker added, "Here we are, a little more than 900 days since (the terrorist attacks of) 9-11. In those 900 days, we've learned a lot."

Some of those lessons include better scheduling, better integration of resources within the defense transportation system, and better accounting of cargo and people through improved and integrated information-technology systems.

"Our part is to sequence and schedule all of the air movement, which means, essentially, the Air Force has flexed its airlift and tanker fleet to a higher state of readiness and availability," said Brig.

Gen. Paul Selva, commander of 18th Air Force's tanker airlift control center here. "Our requirement is to move substantial numbers of primarily Soldiers and Marines through a relatively small infrastructure, two bases ... accepting 3,000 people a day inbound and 3,000 people a day outbound over a short period of time."

The Air Force airlift fleet is supporting the effort heavily, but that is not all.

"We have tapped our KC-10 [Extender] fleet and a portion of our KC-135 [Stratotanker] fleet to move passengers, which is not their characteristic air-refueling role," General Selva said.

Also, AMC's commercial-airlift partners have provided 40 aircraft almost every day.

"If you had come to the TACC and watched the air-transportation function prior to 9-11, you'd see an average of 200 to 225 aircraft a day moving in the system," said General Selva. "As we completed the combat operation in Afghanistan and started the rotation of forces into what appeared to be a steady state, the average had grown to almost 300 airplanes a day, with spikes to 350 not uncommon. In this rotation, it is not

uncommon to see the total posted in the low 400s ... nearly double the activity level that existed here pre-9-11, around a 50 percent increase over what has become to be the new normal of about 300."

Part of the challenge is not only tracking the military aircraft but also the commercial-contract aircraft carrying 90 percent of the passenger load.

Contract-troop carriers are designated with military mission numbers.

General Selva said he gets "more bang for the buck" for the number of airplanes through an aerial port by using commercial airplanes.

AC-17 Globemaster III carries about 96 passengers, but a commercial wide-body passenger aircraft which occupies the same parking space can carry 285 to 350 people.

With commercial carriers taking on requirements for passenger travel and commercial sealift moving as much as 85 percent of the cargo, General Welser said military airlift is not stretched as thin, increasing the ability of the DOD to provide airlift into hostile territory and to respond to emerging international crises.

Charter Chief chats about change

By Master Sgt. Deb Ann Poole
509th Bomb Wing Public Affairs

When Chief Master Sgt. Jim Flaschenriem was promoted to the Air Force's highest enlisted grade Dec. 1, 1959, there was no tradition to the event.

As one of the first to be promoted to that rank, he said it "wasn't very exciting."

"When the first chiefs were made, most of us who were promoted had already been in these higher positions for months or years," the chief said.

Known as a Charter Chief because he was one of the first 625 Airmen to be promoted to chief master sergeant, Chief Flaschenriem said many changes have taken place since his promotion.

"We were all sergeants," he said. "We didn't get called 'chief' until we forced the issue in the early 1970s. So even Chief Master Sgt. of the Air Force Paul Airey was addressed as Sergeant Airey."

Chief Flaschenriem said when he was promoted, he did not change jobs, get new authority or even a new telephone number.

Additionally, the senior and chief program did not create any new grade vacancies. The Air Force simply took a master sergeant position and changed it to a chief master sergeant position.

"Most of the young people today look at the rank of chief as a prestigious rank," Chief Flaschenriem said. "It wasn't back then. There was a lot of jealousy."

When he was promoted, there were between 58,000 and 60,000 master sergeants.

He said many of them had dates of rank in 1942 and 1943.

"Back then, time in grade was a big thing for promo-

tion," said Chief Flaschenriem who earned his stripe in 11 years, 5 months and seven days. "They felt they should be the first ones promoted. So many of them grew unhappy when they didn't get promoted — they retired. We lost some good people, but we also lost some we didn't need, and it opened it up (slots) so we could move younger, better-educated people [into those openings]."

Promoted when he was 31 while assigned to Strategic Air Command at Offutt Air Force Base, Neb., the chief said he believes he was the best qualified.

However, he said in today's Air Force, he would not be mature enough to handle the job.

Promotions to senior and chief master sergeant were designed for three reasons, he said. The first was the technology explosion.

"We needed enlisted people with greater education, greater leadership ability and higher technical knowledge," he said. "These guys who had dates of rank of 1942 and 1943 weren't necessarily them."

Grade suppression was another reason the new ranks were implemented.

"It's a military term that's no longer (used), but it was master sergeants supervising one or more master sergeants," Chief Flaschenriem said. "I was a personnel sergeant major, but I had three master sergeants under me, all of who were senior to me. That was not a good situation."

The third reason for the new ranks was grade stagnation.

"These old guys were hanging around," he said. "They were kind of retired on active duty, and we couldn't get any promotions."

While the Air Force's chiefs asked for special recog-

ognition through a different uniform, special privileges or being addressed as chief, Chief Flaschenriem said the requests fell on deaf ears.

"When I look back on it, I think the officers at that time didn't have much education either," he said. "They were afraid the chief might steal some of their thunder. They didn't really want the program to succeed. We weren't about to let it sink."

He said as more people were promoted to chief, they formed a chiefs group and in the late 1960s again asked to be addressed as chief.

Once again, the request was denied so the chiefs took it upon themselves to call each other chief, and it soon caught on "like a California forest fire."

"And it just spread. It was such a natural thing," said Chief Flaschenriem, who retired in 1968. "And suddenly, the chief was set apart."

He also stressed the importance of the change that came about between officers and enlisted Airmen. In the early days, Chief Flaschenriem said, enlisted Airmen were treated like a herd of cattle.

For instance, he said, when he sewed on his chief stripes, he had no authority to sign a requisition for a roll of toilet paper.

"The only time I could sign my name to any document was when I re-enlisted or signed out on leave," he said.

Today, the chief said he is proud of the role he played in shaping the Air Force.

"I'm proud that I had to the opportunity to be a small part of building this great Air Force," he said. "I'm also proud of the people who are serving today. It does my heart good that we still have young people who want to serve."

March 19, 2004

Fire Dawgs on top of B-ball standings



Photo by Pfc. Michael Tuttle

MEDEL Sgt. Luis Tejada looks to pass during an intramural basketball game March 11 against the Honduran Air Force team.

The AFFOR Fire Dawgs sit on top of the JTF-Bravo intramural basketball standings as of March 15. The Fire Dawgs avenged their only loss of the season against MEDEL and also defeated a red-hot ARFOR team that had won three in a row after losing its first three games of the season. Below are the standings as of March 15 as teams make their final push for playoff seeding.

	<u>Wins</u>	<u>Losses</u>
Fire Dawgs	6	1
MEDEL	5	2
Comyagua	4	3
ARFOR	3	4
Caxa Real	3	4
Honduran AF	0	7

Air Force Academy earns bid to tourney

Story by Pfc. Michael Tuttle
Editor

For the first time since 1962 the Air Force Academy will be joining the madness of the National Collegiate Athletic Association men's basketball tournament.

Their 42-year drought of NCAA tourney bids ended after a season in which they won the Mountain West Conference regular season title with a 12-2 conference record and 22-6 record overall.

However there was plenty of doubt about whether they would make the tournament after losing to Colorado State in the first round of the MWC tournament.

A loss to unheralded Texas-Pan American during the season and a low Ratings Percentage Index, a calculation of the quality of their wins and losses during the season, added to the doubt until their name was finally called Sunday night during a tournament selection show.

The Air Force Academy's berth in the tournament is the result of a historic season for the team. They finished with the best record in school history, won the most conference games in school history and won their first conference regular season championship.

They also lead the nation in scoring defense for the entire season and ranked in the Top 25 for the first time.

Joe Scott, hired in 2000, is the coach of the 11th seeded Air Force. A former player and assistant coach under legendary coach Pete Carril at Princeton, Scott has brought the same methodical philosophy of patient passing and good shooting to Air Force.

The Air Force Academy will have its hands full when it takes on the sixth seeded University of North Carolina tonight in Denver.

While Air Force is making its first tournament appearance since 1962, North Carolina has the second most wins of any program in NCAA history. North Carolina, 18-10 (8-8), finished 5th in the Atlantic Coast Conference, arguable the strongest conference in the country.

JTF-Bravo service members compete in International Bay Islands Triathlon

A group of 29 service members from JTF-Bravo traveled to Roaton to compete in the International Bay Islands Triathlon March 6.

Some of the participants competed at the interational distance consisting of a 1.5 kilometer swim, 40K bike race and 10K run.

The rest competed at the sprint distace consisting of a 1.5K swim, 20K bike race and 5K run.

While some of the individuals were separated by gender, age and ability, others competed as relay teams.

Below are a few of the top finishers from JTF-Bravo.

International distance:
Lt. David Waters (70th out of 108,) 1-228th, 3:24:19

Ruff Riders (2nd relay) 3:08:13

Sprint Distance:
Capt. Eugene Christen (11th out of 36,) MEDEL, 2:37:25

Blues Brothers (2nd relay) 3:55:28



Courtesy photo

Staff Sgt. Glenn Gordon, JSF, completes the 5K run portion of the triathlon for the Blues Brothers relay team.

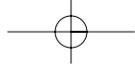


Photo by Tech. Sgt. Roel Utley

Master Sgt. James Shappell rides a horse during an MWR excursion to Flores March 13.



Photo by Pfc. Michael Tuttle

Tech Sgt. Roy Utley works on his hammock March 11 at the hammock shop. The hammock shop is open daily from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

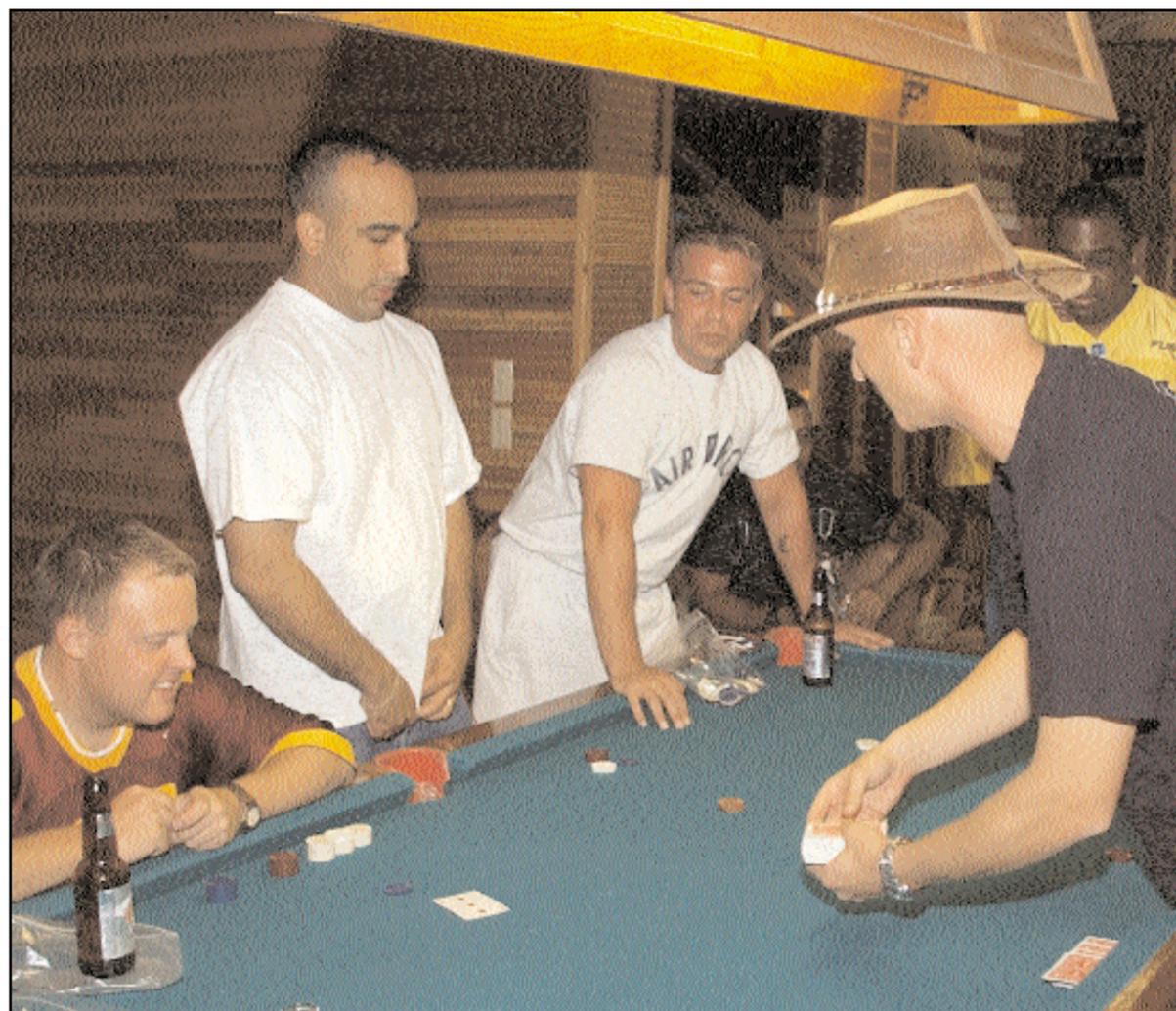


Photo by Tech Sgt. Roel Utley

Capt. Tony Lee deals cards to a group of blackjack players at the AFFOR sponsored JTF-Bravo fun night March 11 at the Oasis.

JTF-Bravo Chapel Activities Schedule

PROTESTANT ACTIVITIES:

- Sunday**
- 0945 Bible Study (Base Chapel)
- 1100 Protestant Worship Service (Base Chapel)
- Tuesday**
- 1230 Ladies Bible Study (Crossroads)
- 1830 Off-Post Bible Study at the Miller's home (Comyagua)
- Wednesday**
- 1900 Bible Study (Base Chapel)

CATHOLIC ACTIVITIES:

- Sunday**
- 0815 Mass (Base Chapel)
- 0930 Bible Study/Breakfast (Dining Facility)
- Wednesday**
- 1200 Spanish Mass (Base Chapel)
- Saturday**
- 1630 Mass (Base Chapel)

LATTER DAY SAINT ACTIVITIES:

- Sunday**
- 1700 LDS Fellowship (Base Chapel)

OTHER ACTIVITIES:

- Friday**
- 1800 Crossroads (Bohio) - Games, snacks, and fellowship



For more information call the Chapel at 6844/6845.